

**GCSE**

**Mathematics (9-1)**

Unit **J560/06**: Paper 6 (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

**Mark Scheme for November 2018**

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct
✗	Incorrect
BOD	Benefit of doubt
FT	Follow through
ISW	Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed
M0	Method mark awarded 0
M1	Method mark awarded 1
M2	Method mark awarded 2
A1	Accuracy mark awarded 1
B1	Independent mark awarded 1
B2	Independent mark awarded 2
MR	Misread
SC	Special case
^	Omission sign

These should be used whenever appropriate during your marking.

The **M**, **A**, **B** etc. annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks.

It is vital that you annotate these scripts to show how the marks have been awarded.

It is not mandatory to use annotations for any other marking, though you may wish to use them in some circumstances.

### Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

2. **M** marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.  
**A** marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding **M** (method) marks. Therefore **M0 A1** cannot be awarded.  
**B** marks are independent of **M** (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage.  
**SC** marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
3. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify **M** and **A** marks etc., or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is not from wrong working **full marks** should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, i.e. incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.

4. Where follow through (**FT**) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word *their* for clarity, e.g. FT  $180 \times (\textit{their} \text{'37'} + 16)$ , or FT  $300 - \sqrt{(\textit{their} \text{'5}^2 + 7^2)}$ . Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by e.g. FT  $3 \times \textit{their} (a)$ .

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.

5. Where dependent (**dep**) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
6. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.
- **cao** means **correct answer only**.
  - **figs 237**, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point e.g. 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
  - **isw** means **ignore subsequent working** (after correct answer obtained).
  - **nfw** means **not from wrong working**.
  - **oe** means **or equivalent**.
  - **rot** means **rounded or truncated**.
  - **seen** means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
  - **soi** means **seen or implied**.
7. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
8. As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).
9. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for **A** and **B** marks. Deduct 1 mark from any **A** or **B** marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. **M** marks are not deducted for misreads.

10. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75, which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to 15.8, 15 or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.
11. If the correct answer is seen in the body and the answer given in the answer space is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer' or 'cao'. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.  
  
If the answer space is blank but the correct answer is seen in the body allow full marks. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.  
  
If the correct answer is seen in the working but a completely different answer is seen in the answer space, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks would still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation ✗ next to the wrong answer.
12. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
13. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
14. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
1	(a)	Points plotted at (21, 18) and (7, 8)	1		Tolerance $\pm 1$ mm
	(b)	1 : 3	3	<p><b>B2</b> for 3 : 9 oe or answer 3 : 1</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>B1</b> for 3 [dancers] or 9 [dancers] identified</p> <p>If 0 scored then <b>SC1</b> for 4 : 8 seen <b>and</b> simplified to 1 : 2</p>	<p>NOT from 4 : 12</p> <p>May be on graph 4 : 12 simplified to 1 : 3 scores 0</p>
	(c)	The wedges at the front look bigger than those at the back oe	1		<p>Comments should refer to the 3D nature of the pie chart e.g. It's tilted, slanted, seen from an angle etc.</p> <p>Ignore all references to missing angles, not being joined, etc.</p> <p>Mark the best bit unless contradicted</p>

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
2	(a)	47.5	4	<p><b>B1</b> for at least four of 10, 30, 45, 55, 70</p> <p><b>M1 FT</b> for <math>\Sigma mf</math> where <math>m</math> is a value within each group  <math>10 \times 5 + 30 \times 8 + 45 \times 37 + 55 \times 47 + 70 \times 3</math>            soi by <math>50 + 240 + 1665 + 2585 + 210</math> or 4750</p> <p><b>M1 FT dep</b> on <b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> <math>4750 \div</math> <i>their</i> <math>(5+8+37+47+3)</math></p>	<p>May be implied by four correct products or 4750</p> <p>FT their “midpoints” seen.            M1 may be implied by            Lower: <math>0+160+1480+2350+180</math> (4180)            Upper: <math>100+320+1850+2820+240</math> (5330)            Allow one error in calculation.</p> <p>Expect 100</p>
	(b)	Exact speeds for each vehicle are not recorded oe	1		<p>Do not accept, “Because the mid-point is used” or comments on the method used.            Accept e.g.:            Specific speeds not given or            We don’t know the speeds            The exact speed isn’t given</p>

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
3		$1.3 \times 10^{14}$	5	<p><b>B4</b> for <math>1.30 \times 10^{14}</math> or <math>1.29[6\dots] \times 10^{14}</math> or 130 000 000 000 000 as final answers</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>B3</b> for <math>1.3 \times 10^n</math> (<math>n \neq 0</math>) or <math>1.29[6\dots] \times 10^{14}</math> written in full</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M3</b> for <math>3500 \div (2.7 \times 10^{-11})</math> oe</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>B2</b> for <math>1.29[6\dots] \times 10^n</math> (<math>n \neq 0</math>) or figs 13</p> <p>OR</p> <p><b>M1</b> for figs 35 <math>\div</math> figs 27 soi by figs 129[6...]</p> <p><b>B1</b> for 3500 or <math>2.7 \times 10^{-14}</math> oe or <math>3.5 \times 10^3</math> seen</p>	<p>For 5 marks and M marks, condone use of correctly rounded values in correct calculations</p> <p>E.g. 129 600 000 000 000</p> <p>0.000 000 000 000 027</p>
4		$(4.7) \leq (x) < (4.8)$	2	<b>B1</b> for each symbol	



Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
5	(a)	$180 \div 3.5 \times 11.2 = 576$ or $180 \div 3.5 = 51.4[\dots]$ <b>and</b> $576 \div 11.2 = 51.4[\dots]$ or $576 \div 180 = 3.2$ <b>and</b> $11.2 \div 3.5 = 3.2$	3	<b>M2</b> for $180 \div 3.5 \times 11.2$ or $180 \div 3.5$ <b>and</b> $576 \div 11.2$ or $576 \div 180$ <b>and</b> $11.2 \div 3.5$  or <b>M1</b> for $180 \div 3.5$ soi $51.4[\dots]$ or $576 \div 11.2$ soi $51.4[\dots]$ or $576 \div 180$ soi $3.2$ or $11.2 \div 3.5$ soi $3.2$	For M marks allow figs used eg <b>M2</b> for $18 \div 350 \times 112$ If in two stages: For full marks, condone premature rounding if accurate and answer is stated as 576. E.g. <b>3</b> marks for $180 \div 3.5 = 51.4$ and $51.4 \times 11.2 [= 575.68 \text{ or } 575.7] = 576$ ( <b>required</b> ) eg <b>M2</b> for $180 \div 3.5 = 51.5$ and $51.5 \times 11.2 = 576$ Accept equivalent methods eg divisions inverted or correct use of lengths in other units.
	(b)	No oe and correct explanation	2	<b>B1</b> for $180 \div k \times 11.2$ where $k > 3.5$ leading to answer $< 576$ or $[180 \div 3.5 =] 51.4\dots$ <b>and</b> $180 \div k, k > 3.5$ leading to answer $< 51.4(\dots)$ or Each cm on the map will be worth fewer km in real life oe	For full marks, clear conclusion and an explanation earning <b>B1</b> is needed  $[180 \div 3.5 =]$ may be referred to in (a)
	(c)	7500 cao	2	<b>M1</b> for figs $18 \div$ figs $24$ soi figs $75$	If units included in answer max <b>M1</b>

Question			Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
6			375	4	<p><b>M3</b> for <math>1025 \div (5k + 15k + 21k) \times 15k</math> oe or <b>M2</b> for <math>1025 \div (5k + 15k + 21k)</math> oe or <b>M1</b> for two ratios with a common number of cashews implied by <math>5k</math> (almonds) <b>and</b> <math>21k</math> (peanuts) seen, <math>k &gt; 0</math> or for <math>5 : 15 [ : 21]</math> or <math>[5 : ] 15 : 21</math> or 41 seen</p> <p><b>M3</b> implied by 125, 375, 525 with 375 not selected</p>
7	(a)		9	2	<p><b>M1</b> for <math>15 \times 0.62</math>, possibly soi by 9.3</p> <p>If <b>0</b> scored, then <b>SC1</b> for <math>15 \times 0.41</math> leading to 6 as final answer</p> <p>Condone "9 or 10" as final answer for 2 marks if correct working is shown.</p>
	(b)	(i)		2	<p><b>B1</b> for 0.38 and at least one 0.59 seen on correct branches</p>

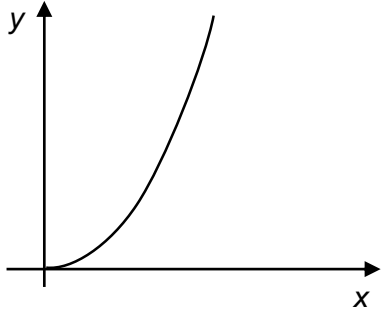
Question			Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
		(ii)	0.5216 or $\frac{326}{625}$	3	<p><b>M2FT</b> for <math>(0.62 \times \text{their } 0.59) + (\text{their } 0.38 \times 0.41)</math> oe</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M1FT</b> for <math>(0.62 \times \text{their } 0.59)</math> soi by 0.3658 oe or <math>(\text{their } 0.38 \times 0.41)</math> soi by 0.1558 oe</p>
8	(a)	(i)	2	2	<b>M1</b> for 'rise' ÷ 'run' e.g. $8 \div 4$
		(ii)	0	1	
	(b)		150	4	<p><b>M3</b> for complete area <math>\left[ \frac{4 \times 8}{2} + (10 \times 8) + \frac{(8 + 10) \times 6}{2} \right]</math></p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M2</b> for two areas <math>\frac{4 \times 8}{2}</math> oe, <math>(10 \times 8)</math> oe, or <math>\frac{(8 + 10) \times 6}{2}</math> oe</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M1</b> for one area <math>\frac{4 \times 8}{2}</math> oe, <math>(10 \times 8)</math> oe, or <math>\frac{(8 + 10) \times 6}{2}</math> oe</p>

Condone 0.52 or 0.522 as final answer provided nfw

For **M2** combining a triangle and a rectangle into a trapezium  $\frac{(14 + 10) \times 8}{2}$  counts as "two areas"

Look for answers of 16, 80 and 54.

Allow **M** marks for calculations from other suitable splitting of the areas

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
9	(a)	A	1		
	(b)	C	1		
10			2	<b>B1</b> for a generally increasing graph through (0, 0) or for correct shape not through (0, 0)	Condone straight line with positive gradient through (0,0) for <b>B1</b>

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance																																				
11		12 nfw	5	<p><b>B1</b> for <math>5x</math> and <math>x</math> soi and  <b>M1</b> for <math>6x = 180</math> oe and  <b>A1</b> for <math>x = 30</math> and  <b>M1</b> for <math>[n = ] \frac{360}{\text{their } 30}</math></p> <p><u>Alternative</u>  <b>M1</b> for <math>xn = 360</math> oe and  <b>M1</b> for <math>5xn = 180(n - 2)</math> oe and  <b>M1</b> for <math>5 \times 360 = 180(n - 2)</math> oe and  <b>M1</b> for <math>10 = n - 2</math></p> <p><u>Alternative</u>  <b>M2</b> for use of two of  [exterior angle =] <math>360/n</math>  [interior angle =] <math>180(n - 2)/n</math>  interior + exterior = 180  or  <b>M1</b> for use of one of the above</p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1dep</b> for checking interior = <math>5 \times</math> exterior  <b>A1</b> for interior = 150 and exterior = 30 identified</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>sides</th> <th>interior</th> <th>exterior</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>5</td><td>108.0</td><td>72.0</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>120.0</td><td>60.0</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>128.6</td><td>51.4</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>135.0</td><td>45.0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>140.0</td><td>40.0</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>144.0</td><td>36.0</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>147.3</td><td>32.7</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>150.0</td><td>30.0</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>152.3</td><td>27.7</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>154.3</td><td>25.7</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>156.0</td><td>24.0</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For first <b>M1</b> allow exterior = <math>360/n</math> but not just <math>360/n</math></p> <p>Eliminates <math>x</math></p> <p>Can be implied from a seen calculation or a list showing results of at least two trials (see above)</p> <p>Dependent on <b>M2</b>  For full marks allow 12 as final answer from trial and improvement, provided interior angle = 150 and exterior angle = 30 are identified in working</p>	sides	interior	exterior	5	108.0	72.0	6	120.0	60.0	7	128.6	51.4	8	135.0	45.0	9	140.0	40.0	10	144.0	36.0	11	147.3	32.7	12	150.0	30.0	13	152.3	27.7	14	154.3	25.7	15	156.0	24.0
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14	154.3	25.7																																						
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Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
12		7.17 to 7.18 or 7.2 nfww	6	<p><b>M3</b> for <math>x^2 - 3x - 30 = 0</math> or <b>M2</b> for <math>\frac{6}{2}(10 + x) = x^2</math> oe or <b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{6}{2}(10 + x)</math> oe</p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M2FT</b> for <math>\frac{3 + \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4 \times (-30)}}{2}</math> or better or 7.17 to 7.18 and -4.18 to -4.17 or</p> <p><b>M1FT</b> for either formula with at most two errors</p> <p>Condone missing brackets for <b>M1</b></p> <p><b>FT</b> from <i>their</i> 3 term quadratic</p> <p>Allow <b>M2FT</b> for <math>\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4 \times (-30)}}{2}</math> or better</p> <p>Alternative by completing the square: <b>M2FT</b> for <math>1.5 + \sqrt{32.25}</math> or <math>1.5 \pm \sqrt{32.25}</math> or 7.17 to 7.18 and -4.18 to -4.17 or <b>M1FT</b> for <math>(x - 1.5)^2 - 32.25</math></p>
13		$8\pi + t\pi + 16 - 2t$ oe including unsimplified expressions	3	<p><b>B2</b> for two of <math>\frac{16\pi}{2}</math> oe, <math>\frac{2t\pi}{2}</math> oe, or <math>16 - 2t</math> oe seen</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>B1</b> for one of <math>\frac{16\pi}{2}</math> oe, <math>\frac{2t\pi}{2}</math> oe, or <math>16 - 2t</math> oe seen</p> <p>Mark final answer Equivalent simplified expressions include: <math>\pi(8 + t) + 16 - 2t</math> or <math>t(\pi - 2) + 8(\pi + 2)</math> Penalise use of 3.14 once e.g. 25.1... and 3.14t scores <b>B1</b></p>

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
14	(a)	$x = 0.191919\dots$ $100x = 19.191919\dots$ $99x = 19$  $x = \frac{19}{99}$	3	<b>M1</b> for $100x = 19.191919\dots$  and  <b>M1</b> for $100x - x = 19.191919\dots - 0.191919\dots$ or better	For full marks, clear step by step process must be evident   Apply marks in a similar way to other methods e.g. <b>M1</b> and <b>M1</b> for $10000x - 100x = 1919.1919\dots - 19.1919\dots$
	(b)	<del>0.19</del> $\div 10$ or "divide by 10"  <del>19</del> $= 0.019$	1  1 dep	Dependent on first mark	Answer only scores <b>0</b>
15		2.2667 and 2.3882	3	<b>B2</b> for 2.2667 or for $2.2666\dots$ or $\frac{34}{15}$ <b>and</b> 2.388...  or  <b>M1</b> for $\frac{2^3}{30} + 2$ soi by 2.2666...  or <del>2.26</del> or $\frac{34}{15}$	For 3 marks, answers must be on answer line or correctly identified as $x_2$ and $x_3$

Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
16	<p>There could be £301</p> <p>e.g. because  <math>2635 \div 8.745 = 301[.3\dots]</math></p>	3	<p><b>M2</b> for a calculation of  <math>(2625 \text{ to } 2635) \div (8.745 \text{ to } 8.755)</math> oe  correctly evaluated to an answer of  301(....)  or for a calculation of  <math>(2632.245 \text{ to } 2635) \div 301</math> oe  correctly evaluated to an answer of  8.745 to 8.755  or for a calculation of  <math>301 \times (8.745 \text{ to } 8.7541528\dots)</math> oe  correctly evaluated to an answer of  2625 to 2635</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M1</b> for any further calculation of  <math>(2625 \text{ to } 2635) \div (8.745 \text{ to } 8.755)</math>  or <math>(2625 \text{ to } 2635) \div 301</math>  or <math>301 \times (8.745 \text{ to } 8.755)</math>  but not <math>2625 \div 8.755</math> or <math>2630 \div 8.75</math></p> <p>or</p> <p><b>B1</b> for 2635, 2.635, 8.745 or 8745  seen</p> <p>For full marks, their conclusion must follow from a relevant calculation which shows that 301 is a possible answer (either use of 301 and two weights in range, or an answer of more than 301 rounded <b>down</b>, and <b>not</b> an answer of less than 301 rounded <b>up</b>)</p> <p>Calculations may be done in grams as shown, or converted to kg.</p> <p>Common calculations for at least <b>M2</b> include:  <math>2635 \div 8.75 = 301.1(\dots)</math>  <math>2635 \div 8.745 = 301.3(\dots)</math></p> <p>Common calculations scoring only <b>M1</b> include:  <math>2625 \div 8.75 (= 300)</math>  <math>2630 \div 8.745 = 300.7(\dots)</math></p>





Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
19	32.2 to 32.3	6	<p><b>M2</b> for <math>x^2 - 10x + 19 = 0</math> oe or <b>M1</b> for <math>9^2 = 10^2 + x^2 - 2 \times 10 \times x \cos 60</math></p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1FT</b> for <math>\frac{10 \pm \sqrt{10^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 19}}{2}</math></p> <p><b>A1</b> for <math>x = 7.45</math> or <math>5 + \sqrt{6}</math></p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times \text{their } 7.45 \times \sin 60</math> oe</p> <p><u>Alternative</u></p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{\sin 60}{9} = \frac{\sin B}{10}</math> oe</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>\sin B = \frac{10}{9} \sin 60</math> or better</p> <p><b>A1</b> for <math>B = 74.2(\dots)</math></p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>A = 180 - 60 - \text{their } 74.2</math> so by 45.8</p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 10 \times \text{their } \sin 45.8</math></p> <p>Accept 32 after full correct method</p> <p>Use of cosine rule</p> <p><b>FT</b> their quadratic = 0 <u>Alternative:</u> <b>M1</b> for <math>(x - 5)^2 - 6 = 0</math></p> <p>Ignore 2.55 or <math>5 - \sqrt{6}</math></p> <p><i>Their 7.45</i> should be from cosine rule followed by quadratic (not from measuring etc.)</p> <p>Use of sine rule</p> <p>Isolates <math>\sin B</math></p> <p><i>Their 45.8</i> should be from sine rule followed by <math>180 - \text{their}</math> sine rule answer (not from measuring etc.)</p>

Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
20	(a)	eg. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	3	<p><b>B2</b> for one correct answer</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>M1</b> for any multiple of <math>\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}</math> seen</p>	<p>Other correct answers include:</p> $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -11 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix},$ $\begin{pmatrix} -13 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{pmatrix} -15 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ <p>For others, check that top + 5 is double bottom + 2</p>
	(b)	$m = -2, n = 4$	5	<p><b>B1</b> for <math>\begin{pmatrix} 4m \\ m \end{pmatrix}</math> or <math>\begin{pmatrix} 5n \\ 2n \end{pmatrix}</math> soi</p> <p>and</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>4m + 5n = 12</math> or <math>m + 2n = 6</math></p> <p>and</p> <p><b>M1</b> for multiplication by scalar(s) to equate coefficients in <math>m</math> or <math>n</math> or reduction to one variable by substitution e.g. <math>4(6 - 2n) + 5n = 12</math></p> <p>and</p> <p><b>M1</b> for elimination or simplification to <math>3m = -6</math> or <math>3n = 12</math> oe</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance
21	5 nfww and after $\frac{5(x+5)(x-7)}{(x+5)(x-7)}$ seen	6	<p><b>B1</b> for <math>(x+5)(x-7)</math> or <math>x^2 + 5x - 7x - 35</math> or better seen as a common denominator of the first two fractions</p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>B3</b> for numerator <math>5x^2 - 10x - 175</math> or <b>B2</b> for numerator <math>5x^2 - 10x + 125</math> or <b>M1</b> for <math>5x(x-7)</math> and <math>25(x+5)</math></p> <p>AND</p> <p><b>M1</b> for <math>5(x^2 - 2x - 35)</math> or <math>(5x + 25)(x - 7)</math> or <math>(x + 5)(5x - 35)</math> or <math>5(x + 5)(x - 7)</math></p> <p>Condone missing final bracket.</p> <p>Condone numerators written without any denominators or with an incorrect common denominator</p>

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