



Tuesday 11 June 2019 – Morning GCSE (9–1) Mathematics

J560/06 Paper 6 (Higher Tier)

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

You may use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- · geometrical instruments
- · tracing paper



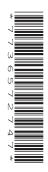
Please write cle	arly in	black	ink.	Do no	ot writ	e in the barcodes.		
Centre number						Candidate number		
First name(s)								
Last name								

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Answer all the questions.
- · Read each question carefully before you start to write your answer.
- Where appropriate, your answers should be supported with working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Use the π button on your calculator or take π to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.
- · This document consists of 24 pages.



Answer **all** the questions.

1	A gr A pa	rain of salt weighs 6.48×10^{-5} kg on average. acket contains 0.35 kg of salt.
	(a)	Use this information to calculate the number of grains of salt in the packet.
		(a)[2]
	(b)	Explain why your answer to part (a) is unlikely to be the actual number of grains of salt in the packet.
		[1]

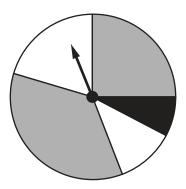
- 2 Tom researches the weights of plant seeds.
 - One poppy seed weighs 3×10^{-4} grams. 250 pumpkin seeds weigh 21 grams. One sesame seed weighs 3.64×10^{-6} kilograms.

Write the three types of seed in order according to the weight of one seed. Write the lightest type of seed first. You must show how you decide.

		[4]
	 ,	 [4]
lightest		

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3 (a) This spinner has two grey sections, two white sections and one black section.



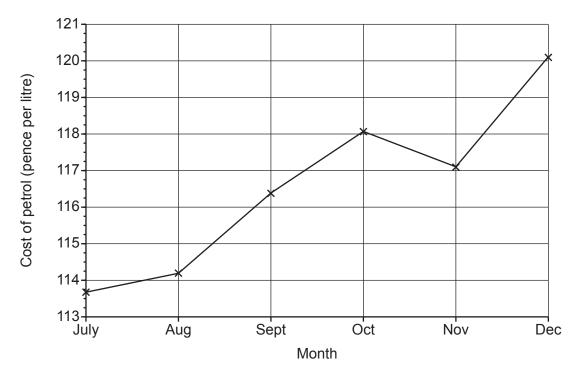
Vlad says

The probability of the spinner landing on black is $\frac{1}{5}$.

Explain why Vlad is not correct.

 	 	 	[1]

(b) The graph shows the cost of a litre of petrol for the last six months of 2017.



Explain why t	this graph is mi	sleading.		

.....[1

- 4 Sophie is organising a raffle.
 - Each raffle ticket costs 50p.
 - She sells 400 tickets.
 - The probability that a ticket, chosen at random, wins a prize is 0.1.
 - Each winning ticket receives a prize worth £3.

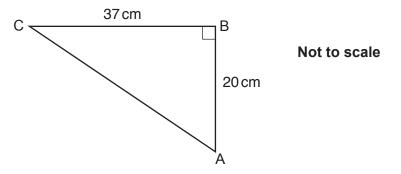
\sim				
50	nn	IP.	say	/ S
\sim	$_{P^{11}}$		Ju	y U

I expect the raffle to make over £100 profit.

Show that Sophie is wrong.

.....[4]

5 ABC is a right-angled triangle. AB = 20 cm and BC = 37 cm.



Calculate angle BAC.

 0	[3]
	P . 3

- A bag contains some counters. 6
 - There are 300 counters in the bag.
 - There are only red, white and blue counters in the bag.
 - The probability of picking a blue counter is $\frac{23}{50}$. The ratio of red counters to white counters is 2 : 1.

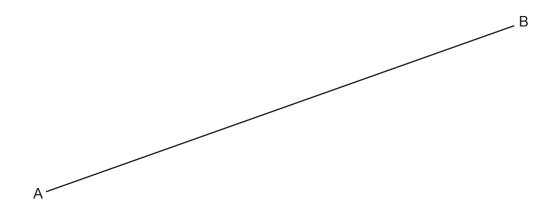
Calculate the number of red counters in the bag.

		Γ Δ 1

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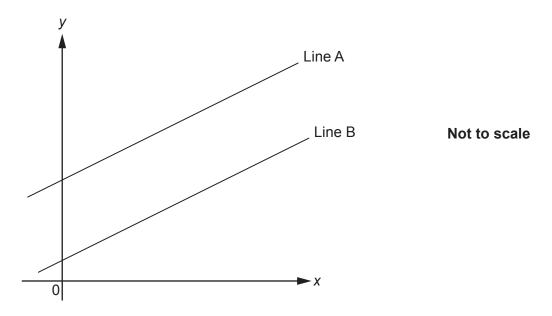
7 Construct the perpendicular from the point P to the line AB. Show all of your construction lines.

 P_{\bullet}



[2]

8 The graph shows two parallel lines, Line A and Line B.

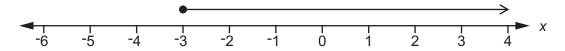


Line A has equation y = 6x + 7. Line B passes through the point (4, 26).

Find the equation of Line B.

.....[4]

9 Martha's solution to the inequality $8x + 5 \le 3x - 10$ is shown on the number line.



Is her solution correct? Explain your reasoning.

.....[4]

In 2017, the value of a house increased by 4%. In 2018, the value of the house then decreased by 3%.
Teresa says
Over the two years the value of the house increased by exactly 1% because $4 - 3 = 1$.
Show that Teresa is wrong.

$$270 = 3^3 \times 2 \times 5$$
 and $177147 = 3^{11}$

(a) (i) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 270 and 177 147. Give your answer using power notation and as an ordinary number.

(a)(i)	using power notation
	as an ordinary number[2]

(ii) Write 177 147 000 000 as a product of its prime factors.

(b) $3^n = 177147 \times 9^5$.

Find the value of *n*.

(b)
$$n = \dots [3]$$

12 Antonio rolls two fair six-sided dice and calculates the **difference** between the scores. For example, if the two scores are 2 and 5 or 5 and 2 then the difference is 3.

(a) Complete the sample space diagram to show the possible outcomes from Antonio's dice.

	Dice 2							
	difference	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	1	0						
	2					3		
Dice 1	3		1					
	4							
	5		3					
	6							

[2]

(b) Antonio rolls the two dice three times.

Calculate the probability that he gets a difference of 1 on all three rolls. Give your answer as a fraction in its lowest terms.

(b)[4]

13 Prove that the mean of any four **consecutive** even integers is an integer.

[4]

14 The length of the longest diagonal of a cube is 25 cm.

Calculate the total surface area of the cube.

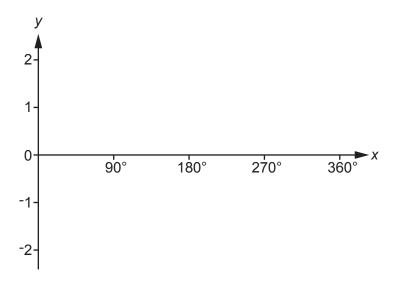
..... cm² [5]

Solve by factorisation.

$$5x^2 + 7x + 2 = 0$$

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [3]

16 Sketch the graph of $y = -\sin x$ for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

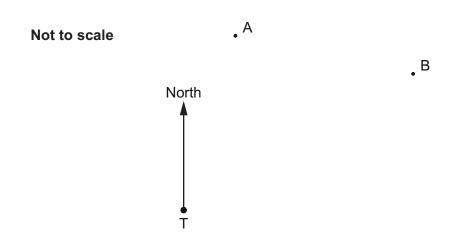


[3]

17 T is a radar tower. A and B are two aircraft.

At 3pm

- aircraft A is 3250 km from T on a bearing of 015°
- aircraft B is 4960 km from T on a bearing of 057°.



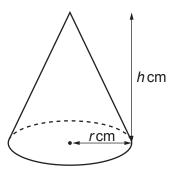
(a) Aircraft A flies directly towards radar tower T at a speed of 890 km/h.

At what time will the aircraft pass over radar tower T? Give your answer to the nearest minute.

(a)[4]

(b)	Calculate the distance that was between aircraf	ťΑ	and aircraft B at 3pm.
	(1	b)	km [4]
	(1	-,	[4]

18 A cone has radius rcm and height hcm.



The height is three times the radius. The volume of the cone is $2100\,\mathrm{cm}^3$.

Calculate the radius of the cone.

[The volume *V* of a cone with radius *r* and height *h* is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

 cm	[4]
	_

19 The point (-5, 2) lies on the circumference of a circle, centre (0, 0).

(a)	Find the equation of the circle.
	(a)[4]
(b)	Work out the gradient of the tangent to the circle at (-5, 2).

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(b)[2]

20 (a) Show that the equation $x^4 - x^2 - 9 = 0$ has a solution between x = 1 and x = 2. [3]

(b) Find this solution correct to 1 decimal place.Show your working.

(b) *x* =[4]

23 **21** Toy building bricks are available in two sizes, small and large. The small and large bricks are mathematically similar. A small brick has volume $8\,\mathrm{cm}^3$ and width $2.1\,\mathrm{cm}$. A large brick has volume $15.625\,\mathrm{cm}^3$. Calculate the width of a large brick.

Turn over for question 22

..... cm [4]

22 At the start of 2018, the population of a town was 17150. At the start of 2019, the population of the town was 16807.

It is assumed that the population of the town is given by the formula

$$P = ar^t$$

where *P* is the population of the town *t* years after the start of 2018.

(a) Write down the value of a.

(2)			[4]	
a	,	. '	ı	

(b) Show that r = 0.98. [1]

(c) Show that the population is predicted to be less than 16 000 at the start of 2022. [2]

(d) Use the formula to work out what the population might have been at the start of 2017.

(d)[2]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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